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## STRUCTURAL USE OF GRAIN FUND IN THE SYSTEM OF ENTERPRISE ECONOMIC SECURITY THREATS

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*Summary. The author describes the directions of grain fund structural use balance and defines them as one of the important positions in the system of economic security threats. It is proved that optimized proportions between food and forage grain,*

*formation of rational need in seed fund, allocation of grain volumes for the production of biofuel, medicine will minimize the risks of economic security decreasing.*

**Key words:** *economic security, threats, risks, structure, grain fund, grain producers.*

Grain production has always been one of the priorities in the structure of agriculture. Access to foreign markets creates threats, dangers and risks for grain producers and affect their economic security. The increase of grain volumes only increases industry's raw direction, although under modern conditions of economic, political, social and management crisis priority attention should be paid to the technological methods on grain processing for the production of biofuels, mixed fodders. It is necessary to reorient export from grain to the products of its processing, but this transformation needs a number of measures both from the state and enterprises. Thus, the aim of this paper is to highlight balance areas of grain fund structural use as one of the important positions in the system of economic security threats.

Grain structure is determined by the features that define the share of food grain in its total cost; level of grain production and its distribution per capita; rate and structure of grain export, grain production efficiency and grain market situation; rates of soil farming systems; technical equipment rate; state of crop rotations; requirements for ecological production and transition to organic production.

Calculations show that with the lapse of time the volume of food grain is reducing and production of spring cereals and corn is increasing. Practice shows that the growth is caused by its high demand in foreign markets.

Contemporary grain production and its successful functioning largely depends on the level of producers' economic security providing. That's why under conditions of constant competition it is necessary to avoid existing and potential threats which have specific features in grain farming. In particular, strategy of company development should include evaluation of grain farming state from the point of structural using of grain fund in the system of economic security threats.

Rational structure of areas under grain and volumes of production, optimal proportions in the formation of fodder grain, volumes of seeds fund, realization, especially for export, will increase the efficiency of grain production and protect from many dangers, including losses because of grain overproduction and negative impact of price fluctuations.

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